

Michigan Dean Evaluation and Educator Effectiveness Guide

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OVERVIEW

At National Heritage Academies (NHA), our college readiness goal is that 90% of students who have been with us for three or more years meet or exceed the college readiness thresholds in both Math and Reading. We know that employee performance plays an integral role in ensuring we achieve this goal. This guidebook provides information about dean performance, evaluations, and state educator effectiveness.

EVALUATIONS

The Process

NHA deans are evaluated annually by their principal using the NHA dean evaluation rubric. This locally developed evaluation rubric uses competencies built around a research-based model with core tenets from Robert J. Marzano, Kim Marshall, and Patrick Lencioni, internationally recognized experts in leadership effectiveness and/or administrator evaluation design. The evaluation is just one component of a larger process that occurs throughout the year to facilitate conversation around clear expectations for performance and fosters continuous development. This process includes:

- Student assessment data review
- Progress toward goals
- Mid-year self-assessment
- Feedback from parents, students, teachers, and other stakeholders
- One-on-one (O3) coaching conversations around continual improvement
- Professional development goal setting and progress monitoring (including professional development plans)
- Performance calibrations
- Annual performance evaluation

Information from evaluations contribute to decisions regarding promotion, compensation, goal setting, professional development, and employment.

Rubric Assignment

Positions assigned to the dean rubric include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Dean
- Academic Intervention Coach
- Interim Dean

Evaluator Training and Calibration

Evaluator training and calibration are essential to ensure all evaluators are on the same page. All new principals receive training to ensure they understand the dean evaluation rubric and how to utilize it effectively in their practice. Principals also meet together regionally and organizationally each year to ensure they remain aligned in their practice. In addition, DSQs review dean evaluations before they are finalized to provide an additional step of checks and balances. These practices increase rater reliability and consistency and help drive performance results.

Competencies

The NHA dean evaluation tool has eight competencies: (1-6) Lead Instructional Excellence Key Practices 1-6, (7) Quality of Student Learning, and (8) Professional Accountabilities. Below is an overview of the competencies and their associated indicators:

Competencies		Indicators
LEAD INSTRUCTIONAL EXCELLENCE	Key Practice 1	Master and Model
	Key Practice 2	 Team Culture Staff Leadership Relational Leader Culture of Feedback
	Key Practice 3	 Coaching Environment Coaching Approach Feedback Reflection and Goal Setting
	Key Practice 4	School Improvement ProcessTeacher Development
	Key Practice 5	Drive Instruction and Student GrowthProfessional Development
	Key Practice 6	 NHA and School Systems and Procedures
Quality of Student Learning		Positive Impact on Student Learning
Professional Accountabilities		 Dependability Core Values Communication Teamwork

Performance Ratings

Evaluators provide a rating for each of the evaluation indicators using the following scale:

Ineffective (1)	Developing (2)	Effective (3)	Exemplary (4)
Below expected	Approaching expected	Meets expected	Model to other staff and
performance level	performance level	performance level	shares knowledge

The dean evaluation rubric has criterion-referenced progressions of performance expectations. Principals consider each dean individually and review the rubric beginning at the left Ineffective column and progressing to the right Exemplary column for each indicator. Deans need to fulfill each performance measure in its entirety before progressing to the next level. Once a rating is provided for all indicators, an overall evaluation rating is calculated based 30% on Lead Instructional Excellence, 30% on Professional Accountabilities, and 40% on Quality of Student Learning (as required by state law). The overall evaluation rating is determined using the following scale:

Ineffective:	1.00 - 1.49
Developing:	1.50 - 2.49
Effective:	2.50 - 3.49
Exemplary:	3.50 - 4.00

NOTE: An overall score of Ineffective or Developing doesn't automatically trigger a formal corrective action. Instead, the principal will design an individual development plan that identifies the best way to address the identified growth opportunities, which could include a formal corrective action if deemed appropriate.

Training

The majority of deans promoted from within NHA participate in a year-long Dean Prep Academy program prior to stepping into the dean role. This program covers expectations of the dean role and builds the foundational skills required for success. In addition, all new deans, whether promoted internally or hired externally, participate in our New Dean Academy, a multi-faceted program conducted throughout their first year designed

to set them up for success with all aspects of their new position, including understanding expectations of their role as outlined in the dean evaluation rubric.

EDUCATOR EFFECTIVENESS

Overview

The state of Michigan requires educator effectiveness to be reported annually for all school administrators. This includes deans at NHA. The purpose is to ensure that school districts review administrator performance on a regular basis to celebrate successes and tackle growth opportunities. In accordance with Michigan law, the educator effectiveness rating reported to the MDE must be based 40% on student growth and assessment data. This aligns with the overall evaluation rating on the dean evaluation.

Ratings

The state of Michigan rates educator effectiveness using the following rating levels:

Highly Effective Effective Minimally Effective Ineffective

NHA's internal evaluation ratings of Exemplary, Effective, Developing, and Ineffective are in alignment with state standards, where Exemplary is equivalent to Highly Effective and Developing is equivalent to Minimally Effective.

Rating Implications

Michigan law states that if an administrator receives an overall Ineffective or Minimally Effective rating, he/she must receive an individual improvement plan. The state also mandates termination of an administrator if their educator effectiveness is reported as Ineffective for three consecutive years. Please note that this requirement does not dismiss NHA's policy regarding at-will employment.